## FIS - Statistical Machine Learning Assignment 1

This homework is due May 7th (Tue.) 11:59 AM

You can either:

- Send your homework to marcocuturicameto+report@gmail.com. Please put the word report in the title of your email.
- Provide a handwritten copy. Please leave it in the mailbox of the course (in the Engineering Building 8) before Tuesday noon.

## Positive Definite Matrices

A square  $n \times n$  matrix A is positive definite if

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^d, x \neq 0 \Rightarrow x^T X x > 0.$$

Alternatively, A is said to be positive semi-definite if

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^d, x^T X x \ge 0.$$

- 1. Suppose A is positive definite and symmetric. Prove that all the eigenvalues of A are positive. What can you say of these eigenvalues if A is a positive semi definite matrix?
- 2. Prove that the sum of two symmetric positive definite matrices  $A, B \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$  is positive definite.
- 3. Prove that if A is symmetric positive definite, then  $\det A > 0$  and thus A is invertible. On the contrary, show that if  $\det A > 0$ , then A is not necessarily positive definite (you just need to provide a counterexample).
- 4. Prove that if A is positive semidefinite and  $\lambda > 0$ , then  $(A + \lambda I)$  is positive definite.
- 5. Prove that if  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$  then  $XX^T$  and  $X^TX$  are both positive semidefinite.
- 6. Prove that if  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$  has rank d, then  $XX^T$  is positive definite (invertible).
- 7. Let  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$  be a matrix, and  $Y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Prove that  $\min_{\alpha \in \mathbb{R}^d} ||X^T \alpha Y||_2^2 + \lambda ||\alpha||_2^2$  is attained for  $\alpha = (XX^T + \lambda I)^{-1}XY$ .